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5 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
6 EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

7 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

8 Plaintiff,

9 vs.

10 PRESTON K. FUNDERBURGH,

11 Defendant.

12 Case No.: 1:25-mj-04071-ACE

13 Motion for Detention

14 Plaintiff, United States of America, by and through Richard R. Barker, Acting
15 United States Attorney, and Courtney R. Pratten, Assistant United States Attorney for
16 the Eastern District of Washington, hereby submits a Motion for Detention pursuant to
17 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e) and (f). In support of the eligibility for a detention hearing, as
18 well as in support of pretrial detention, the United States submits the following
19 authority, facts, and arguments. As set forth below, this case is eligible for a detention
20 hearing because this case involves both a serious risk Defendant, Preston K.
21 Funderburgh, will obstruct of justice and/ or engage in intimidation of a prospective
22 witness, or attempt to do so. Moreover, pretrial detention is necessary because there
23 are no conditions or combinations of conditions of release that could reasonably
24 assure the safety of the community.

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27 Government's Motion for Detention

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1 2 **I. INTRODUCTION AND RELEVANT BACKGROUND**

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4 On April 29, 2025, a complaint was filed in the Eastern District of Washington,
5 charging Defendant with violations of 18 U.S.C. § 641 (Theft of Government Money)
6 and 18 U.S.C. § 1343 (Wire Fraud). In sum, and as is relevant to a determination of
7 the need for pretrial detention, the complaint affidavit contained the following
8 allegations known personally or gathered from reports and materials provided by the
9 Selah Police Department (SDP), that were sworn to by federal law enforcement
10 member, Special Agent (SA) Shannon Saylor.

11 On April 16, 2025, SDP was contacted by a member of the public regarding a
12 minor, aged four, (hereinafter Minor 1), who had not been seen by his grandparents
13 for approximately one year. The reporting party (RP) stated Minor 1 had a “hole in his
14 heart” and that Defendant, the father and/or custodian of Minor 1, had not responded
15 to attempts to contact him made by Minor 1’s grandparents.

16 Law enforcement contacted Defendant at his residence in Selah, Washington,
17 and Defendant indicated Minor 1 was “fine” and that he was living with Defendant’s
18 mother, S.F., in Yakima, Washington. Law enforcement then contacted S.F., who
19 indicated Minor 1 was not living with her. After multiple interviews with other
20 individuals familiar with Minor 1, law enforcement determined Minor 1 had not been
21 seen since the fall of 2024.

22 On April 17, 2025, Defendant, having been fully advised of his constitutional
23 rights, made a statement to law enforcement. Defendant stated in the early morning
24 hours of December 2, 2024, Defendant found Minor 1 deceased in his bed. Defendant
25 said he pacicked because he did not want to lose his other children. Defendant 1 then
26 said he buried Minor 1, and he proceeded to take law enforcement to the area of
27 Cowiche Mills Road. Human remains were then found at that location.
28 Government’s Motion for Detention

1 Information relevant to the question of pretrial detention that was not included
2 in the affidavit, but that is included in law enforcement reports, follows. During the
3 period when Defendant was being questioned by law enforcement regarding the
4 whereabouts of Minor 1, Defendant brought a different child of the approximate age
5 to the police station. Defendant presented this child as Minor 1 repeatedly to law
6 enforcement.

7 The current federal charges are factually based on the Defendant's concealment
8 of Minor 1's death from the Social Security Administration (SSA), and Defendant's
9 subsequent theft of Minor 1's monthly Social Security benefits from December 2024
10 through April 2025.

11 II. ELIGIBILITY FOR A DETENTION ORDER

12 A. The Existence of a Serious Risk Defendant will Obstruct Justice

13 Though the charges in this case are currently white collar offenses, they are
14 inseparable from the original welfare check on Minor 1 which eventually culminated
15 into Defendant leading law enforcement to Minor 1's body. From the welfare check to
16 the discovery of Minor 1's body, Defendant obstructed the investigation. He initially
17 told law enforcement Minor 1 was fine. Defendant told law enforcement Minor 1 was
18 living with his grandmother. Defendant then showed up at the police station with a
19 different child, and repeatedly said that child was Minor 1. The entire time he was
20 responding like this, Defendant knew law enforcement and family members were
21 concerned for Minor 1, he knew Minor 1 was dead and had been for some time, and
22 he knew where Minor 1 was buried.

23 Defendant has shown shocking abilities and willingness to obstruct the
24 investigation, and therefore presents a serious risk he will do so now that the case has
25 been charged in federal court.

1 **B. The Existence of a Serious Risk Defendant will Threaten, Injure, or**
2 **Intimidate a Prospective Witness or Attempt**

3 Many of the potential witnesses in this case are family and friends of
4 Defendant. Some of them are his other minor children. At least one of the minor
5 children who is a potential witness has special needs, making her particularly
6 vulnerable. Some of the prospective witnesses have been Defendant's intimate
7 partners at some point. Moreover, at least one of the potential witnesses stated she
8 was aware Defendant recently carried a firearm to a local park in Yakima when he
9 took his children there. Given where the legal proceedings are now, the rapid
10 development of this case, and the vulnerabilities of the witnesses, there is a serious
11 risk Defendant will threaten, injure, or intimidate one or more of them, or attempt to
12 do so.

13 **III. GROUNDS FOR DETENTION**

14 **A. Defendant Presents a Danger to Members of the Community**

15 As noted above, Defendant presents a danger to the many children and other
16 witnesses known to him if released. Some of the children may have been the only
17 witness to Defendant's regular interactions with Minor 1. Others were his former
18 intimate partners, friends, or family members. Moreover, Defendant can legally carry
19 a firearm, and has been known to carry one in public. Conditions such as GPS
20 monitoring or a no-contact order are flimsy protections if Defendant is motivated
21 enough to harm any of the multiple potential witnesses, and especially given some of
22 them are minors, as well as the fact Defendant is now facing extremely serious
23 charges in the federal legal system, Defendant presented a grave danger to more than
24 one member of the community if released.

V. CONCLUSION

Given the serious risk of obstruction and witness intimidation or harm, or attempts to intimidate or harm, the United States believes this case is eligible for a detention hearing.

Moreover, given the danger Defendant presents if released, there are no conditions or combination of conditions that could assure the safety of the community.

The United States therefore requests a detention hearing, as well as pretrial confinement for Defendant pending resolution of this matter.

Respectfully submitted this 30th day of April, 2024.

Richard R. Barker
Acting United States Attorney

s/ Courtney R. Pratten
COURTNEY R. PRATTEN
Assistant U.S. Attorney

I hereby certify that on April 30, 2025, I electronically filed the foregoing with the clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF System which will send notification of such filing to all counsel of record.

s/ Courtney R. Pratten
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